

# ¿Qué tiempo hace?

## phonics

### accents

Accents can be placed on some words like **qué** to indicate a question word.

### stress placement

Words that end in a vowel, 'n' or 's' are normally stressed on the second to last syllable like **ti-em-po**.

### ñ tilde

This changes the 'n' to a 'ny' sound like in the English word 'onion'. As in the Spanish word **España**.

## vocabulary

9 common weather expressions.



Key questions:



¿Qué tiempo hace?

What is the weather?

Compass points:

el norte

north

el sur

south

el oeste

west

el este

east

## grammar

To understand better the use of the verb '**hacer**' (to do/make) in set weather phrases:

Hace calor.

It is hot (literal translation 'it is doing hot').



Hace sol.

It is sunny (literal translation 'it is doing sun').

## What I will learn:

- Objective 1: I will be introduced to the new vocabulary for describing the weather in Spanish.
- Objective 2: I will start to learn how to recall, say and write the weather expressions from memory.
- Objective 3: I will learn to improve my listening decoding skills.
- Objective 4: I will learn how to read a weather map in Spanish and describe weather in different parts of the country.
- Objective 5: I will use all my new knowledge to present a weather forecast in Spanish.