



# Computing Knowledge Organiser

## Unit

### Online Safety – Think before you share!

#### Topic Overview

It is extremely important that we are careful about we share about ourselves online and to think about what others might think about us from what we share. Our digital footprint can be seen by anyone - aswell as people in the future. We will be:

- ✓ Learning what having a positive digital footprint means.
- ✓ Learning ways in which we can start to build a positive digital footprint.

#### Learning Objectives

- ✓ Create and manage a positive reputation both online and offline.
- ✓ Respect the privacy boundaries of others, even if different from one's own.
- ✓ Understand the potential impact of a mismanaged digital footprint.
- ✓ Ask for adult help when dealing with sticky situations.

#### Key Vocabulary

personal information	Information that identifies you – for example, your name, street address, phone number, national insurance number, email address, etc. – is called personal (or sensitive) information. It's a good idea to make a rule for yourself not to share this kind of information online.
digital footprint	Your digital footprint is all the information about you that appears online. This can mean anything from photos, audio, videos and texts to “likes” and comments you post. Just as your footsteps leave prints on the ground while you walk, what you post online leaves a trail too.
fact	Something that is or can be proven to be true.
opinion	Something you or other people believe about a person or a thing that isn't necessarily a fact because a belief can't be proved.
oversharing	Sharing too much online – usually it means sharing personal information or just too much about yourself in a certain situation or conversation online.

#### Key Skills/Knowledge

- Private information consists of personal details or facts that we might want to keep to ourselves or share only with trusted family or friends.
- Our assumptions about people aren't always right, but too often we use these inaccurate conclusions to judge or make decisions about someone. Always try to make sure you really know the things about people that you think you know.
- Different people can see the same information and draw different conclusions from it. Don't assume that people online will see you the way you think they'll see you.
- Different situations call for different responses, online and offline. It's always important to respect other people's privacy choices, even if they aren't the choices you'd make yourself.

